

 $\mu = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f} = \frac{8120}{100} = 81.2 \implies \text{Mean percentage success rate} = 81.2\%$

Percentage success	Cumulative frequency	
<74	6	
<78	24	
<82	62	——— Median
<86	80	
<90	98	
<94	100	

 $6 \times 1 + 18 \times 1 + 38x = 38(1 - x) + 18 \times 1 + 18 \times 1 + 2 \times 1$ 24 + 38x = 38 - 38x + 38 76x = 52 $x = \frac{52}{76} = \frac{13}{19}$ $\therefore \text{ Median} = 77.5 + \frac{13}{19} \times 4 = 80.2$ **Question 7 (c)** (i) Mean $\mu = 81.2$ Median = 80.2% difference = $\frac{81.2 - 80.2}{81.2} \times 100\% = 1.23\%$

(ii) It is approximately normal because the mean is approximately equal to the median.

(iii)
$$\sigma = 4.75$$

Question 7 (d)

(i)
$$\mu = 81.2, \sigma = 4.75$$

 $P(z \le Z) = 0.9 \Rightarrow z = 1.28$
 $z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} \Rightarrow 1.28 = \frac{x - 81.2}{4.75}$
 $\therefore x = 87.3\%$
(ii) $\mu = 81.2, \sigma = 4.75$
 $P(x < 85) = ?$
 $x = 85 : z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{85 - 81.2}{4.75} = 0.8$
 $P(z < 0.8) = 0.7881 = 78.8\%$

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Question 7 (e)

Conditions for a Bernoulli Trial:

Condition: There are only two possible outcomes (success or failure) in each trial.

Condition: There is a fixed number of trials *n*.

Condition: The probability of success *p* is fixed from trial to trial.

Condition: The trials are independent.

Condition: The binomial random variable is the number of successes in n trials.

Question 7 (f)

(i) P(Success) = 0.927P(Failure) = 0.073

 $P(\text{Scores all five}) = {}^{5}C_{5}(0.927)^{5}(0.073)^{0} = 0.685 = 68.5\%$

- (ii) $P(\text{Scores three out of five}) = {}^{5}C_{3}(0.927)^{3}(0.073)^{2} = 0.042 = 4.2\%$
- (iii) He has two successes and two failures on the first four throws and he scores on the last. $P(\text{Scores two out of first four and scores last}) = {}^{4}C_{2}(0.927)^{2}(0.073)^{2}(0.927) = 0.025 = 2.5\%$